COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST

OP13 Freestanding Emergency Care Facilities

The following checklist is intended to be used in the plan review applications for health care facilities submitted to the Massachusetts Department of Public Health. This checklist summarizes and references the applicable requirements from the Licensure Regulations and the 2018 Edition of the FGI Guidelines for Design and Construction of Hospitals. Applicants must verify compliance of the plans submitted to the Department with all referenced requirements from the Licensure Regulations and FGI Guidelines when completing this Checklist. A separate Checklist must be completed for each nursing unit, hospital or clinic department, or clinical suite.

Other jurisdictions, regulations and codes may have additional requirements which are not included in this checklist, such as:

- NFPA 101 Life Safety Code (2012) and applicable related standards contained in the appendices of the Code
- State Building Code (780 CMR)
- Accreditation requirements of The Joint Commission
- CDC Guidelines for Preventing the Transmission of Mycobacterium Tuberculosis in Health Care Facilities
- USP 797
- Regulations of the Massachusetts Board of Registration in Pharmacy
- Accessibility Guidelines of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
- Architectural Access Board Regulations (521 CMR)
- Local Authorities having jurisdiction.

Instructions:

- 1. All requirement lines must be completed according to the following instructions and included in the plan submissions for Self-Certification Process or Abbreviated Review Process.
- 2. This checklist must be completed by the project architect or engineer based on the design actually reflected in the plans at the time of completion of the checklist.
- 3. Each requirement line (____) of this Checklist must be completed exclusively with one of the following marks, unless otherwise directed in the checklist. If a functional space is not affected by a renovation project, the mark "E" may be indicated on the requirement line (____) before the name of the functional space (associated requirements on indented lines below that name, or associated MEP requirements do not have to be completed in this case). If more than one functional space serves a given required function (e.g. patient room or exam room), that clarification should be provided in the Project Narrative, and the requirement lines are understood to only address the functional spaces that are involved in the project.
- **X** = Requirement is met, for new space, for renovated space, or for existing direct support space for an expanded service.
- **E** = Requirement relative to an existing suite or area that has been *licensed* for its designated function, is *not affected* by the construction project and *does not pertain to a required direct support space* for the specific service affected by the project.
- □ = Check box under section titles or individual requirements lines for optional services or functions that are not included in the project area.
- W = Waiver requested for specific section of the Regulations or FGI Guidelines, where hardship in meeting requirement can be demonstrated (a Physical Plant Waiver Form must be completed for each waiver request). An explicit floor plan or plan detail must be attached to each waiver request.
- 4. All room functions marked with "X" must be shown on the plans with the same name labels as in this checklist.
- 5. Mechanical, electrical & plumbing requirements are only partially mentioned in this checklist. The relevant section of the FGI Guidelines must be used for project compliance with all MEP requirements and for waiver references.
- 6. Oxygen, vacuum, medical air, and waste anesthesia gas disposal outlets (if required) are identified respectively by the abbreviations "OX", "VAC", "MA", & "WAGD".
- 7. Requirements referenced with "FI" result from formal interpretations from the FGI Interpretations Task Group.
- 8. The location requirements including asterisks (*) refer to the definitions of the Glossary in the beginning section of the FGI Guidelines and reproduced in this checklist.

Facility Name:	DoN Project Number: (if applicable)
Facility Address:	
Satellite Name: (if applicable)	Building/Floor Location:
Satellite Address: (if applicable)	
	Submission Dates:
Project Description:	Initial Date:
	Revision Date:

Architectural Requirements Building Systems Requirements 2.8 SATELLITE EMERGENCY FACILITY 2.8-1.1 Application: 2.8-1.1.1 free-standing emergency care facility that is not located on same campus as hospital _ intended to provide emergency services 24 hours/day 7 days/week 2.8-3 **PATIENT CARE & DIAGNOSTIC AREAS** 2.8-3.2 Reception & triage area located near both pedestrian & 2.8-6.2.2.1(1) vehicular drop-off entrances & designed to allow staff to monitor entrances (2)public access points to treatment area are under direct observation from reception & triage areas 2.8-6.2.2.2 Ventilation: Triage area provisions for patient privacy Min. 12 air changes per hour Table 7.1 (2) handwashing stations __ Exhaust (3) ___ provided in each triage room Negative pressure (a) ___ 1 handwashing station provided (b) Power: ___ Min. 6 receptacles for every 4 triage bays or cubicles Table 2.1-1 hand sanitation dispenser provided Convenient to head of gurney (4) in each triage bay or cubicle or bed access to panic button for security at least 3 outlets connected (5)emergencies to emergency system power Nurse Call System: ___ Patient station Table 2.1-3 Staff assistance station Medical Gases: ___ 1 OX, 1 VAC Table 2.1-2 Communications with Emergency Medical 2.8-3.3 Services: 2.8-3.3.1 communication connections to EMS 2.8-3.3.2 EMS base station ☐ check if not included in project designed to reduce noise distractions & interruptions during radio transmissions 2.8-3.4 Treatment room or area 2.1-3.2.1.1(1) provisions to preserve patient privacy from observation from outside treatment room 2.8-3.4.1.2 exam/treatment rooms used for pelvic exams allow for foot of examination table to face away from door

	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
2.8-3.4.2	Single-patient treatment room		
2.8-3.4.2.1	Space Requirements:		
	New Construction	Ventilation:	
(1)	min clear floor area 120 sf min clear dimension 10'-0"	Min. 6 air changes per hour	Table 7.1
(2)(a)	min clearance 3'-0" at each	Power:	
	side & at foot of exam table	Min. 12 receptacles	Table 2.1-1
	or Renovation:	4 convenient to head of exam table or gurney	
(3)	min clear floor area 100 sf	table of garriey	
2.8-3.4.2.2	•	Nurse Call System:	
(1)	portable or fixed examination light	Patient station	Table 2.1-3
(2)	accommodations for written and/or electronic documentation	Staff assistance station	
(3)	space for visitor's chair	Medical Gases:	-
(4)	handwashing station	1 OX, 1 VAC	Table 2.1-2
(5)	storage for supplies		
(6)	space for medical equipment		
(7)	view panel designed for patient visual privacy adjacent* to and/or in door		
2.8-3.4.3	Multiple-patient treatment room ☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project		
2.8-3.4.3.2	Space Requirements:		
(1)	separate patient bays or cubicles	Ventilation:	
,	with min clear floor area 80 sf per patient care station	Min. 6 air changes per hour	Table 7.1
(2)(a)	min clearance 5'-0" between sides	Power:	T-1-1-044
(2)(b)	of adjacent* patient beds min clearance 4'-0" between sides	Min. 12 receptacles4 convenient to head of exam	Table 2.1-1
(=)(=)	of patient beds & adjacent* walls or partitions	table or gurney	
2.1-3.1.2	means of visual patient privacy	Nurse Call System:	
2.8-3.4.3.3(1)	examination light in each bay or cubicle	Patient station	Table 2.1-3
2.8-3.4.3.3(2)	accommodations for written or electronic documentation in each bay	Staff assistance station Medical Gases:	
	or cubicle	1 OX, 1 VAC	Table 2.1-2
2.8-3.4.3.3(3)	space for visitor's chair in each bay or cubicle	<u> </u>	
2.8-3.4.3.4	Handwashing Station:		
(1)	at least one handwashing station		
	provided in each multiple-patient treatment room		
2.1-3.8.7.3(1)	at least one handwashing station for		
	every 4 patient care stations or fewer & for each major fraction thereof		
2.1-3.8.7.3(2)	handwashing stations evenly		
2 3.30(2)	distributed based on arrangement		
	of patient care stations		
2.8-3.4.3.5	supply storage provided in		
	multiple-patient treatment room		

Architectural Requirements Building Systems Requirements 2.8-3.4.4 Trauma/Resuscitation Rooms 2.8-3.4.4.1(1) Single-patient trauma/resuscitation room ☐ check if not included in project min. clear floor area 250 sf Ventilation: (a) ___ min. clearance 5'-0" provided Min. 15 air changes per hour Table 7.1 (b) ___ Positive pressure around all sides of gurney No recirculating room units ___ space for storage of supplies 2.8-3.4.4.2(1) Power: PACS or film illuminators to allow 2.8-3.4.4.2(2) Min. 16 receptacles Table 2.1-1 ___ Convenient to head of gurney viewing of images & films 2.8-3.4.4.2(3) ___ handwashing station or bed + Errata ___ space for code cart 2.8-3.4.4.2(4) Nurse Call System: ___ examination lights __ Patient station 2.8-3.4.4.2(5) Table 2.1-3 accommodations for written or Staff assistance station 2.8-3.4.4.2(6) electronic documentation Medical Gases: physiological monitoring equipment 2 OX, 2 VAC, 1 MA Table 2.1-2 2.8-3.4.4.2(7) ___ storage for personal protective 2.8-3.4.4.2(8) equipment (2)Multiple-patient trauma/resuscitation room ☐ check if not included in project ___ min. clear floor area 200 sf for Ventilation: (a) each patient care bay defined by ___ Min. 15 air changes per hour Table 7.1 ___ Positive pressure privacy curtains min. clearance 5'-0" provided __ No recirculating room units b) around all sides of gurney Power: min. clearance 10'-0" between __ Min. 16 receptacles Convenient to head of gurney patient beds or gurneys Table 2.1-1 space for storage of supplies or bed 2.8-3.4.4.2(1) ___ PACS or film illuminators to allow 2.8-3.4.4.2(2) Nurse Call System: ___ Patient station viewing of images & films Table 2.1-3 2.8-3.4.4.2(3) handwashing station ___ Staff assistance station +Errata ___ space for code cart Medical Gases: 2.8-3.4.4.2(4) ___ examination lights 2 OX, 2 VAC, 1 MA Table 2.1-2 2.8-3.4.4.2(5) ___ accommodations for written or 2.8-3.4.4.2(6) electronic documentation ___ physiological monitoring equipment 2.8-3.4.4.2(7) ___ storage for personal protective 2.8-3.4.4.2(8) equipment Doorways leading from ambulance 2.8-3.4.4.4 entrance to T/R room have min clear width 72" & min. height 83.5"

Architectural Requirements Building Systems Requirements 2.8-3.4.5 **Dedicated Pediatric Emergency Facilities** ☐ check if not included in project 2.8-3.4.5.1 Single-patient pediatric treatment rooms located adjacent* to family waiting (1) area & toilet room Space Requirements: (2) **New Construction** Ventilation: (1) min clear floor area 120 sf Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7.1 min clear dimension 10'-0" Power: min clearance 3'-0" at ___ Min. 12 receptacles Table 2.1-1 (2)(a)each side & at foot of 4 convenient to head of exam exam table table or gurney Nurse Call System: ___ Patient station Renovation: Table 2.1-3 (3)min clear floor area 100 sf Staff assistance station Medical Gases: 2.8-3.4.2.2(1) ____ portable or fixed examination light 1 OX, 1 VAC Table 2.1-2 2.8-3.4.2.2(2) accommodations for written and/or electronic documentation space for visitor's chair 2.8-3.4.2.2(3) 2.8-3.4.2.2(4) handwashing station ___ storage for supplies 2.8-3.4.2.2(5) space for medical equipment 2.8-3.4.2.2(6) view panel designed for patient 2.8-3.4.2.2(7) visual privacy adjacent* to or in door 2.8-3.4.3 Multiple-patient pediatric treatment room ☐ check if not included in project 2.8-3.4.3.2 Space Requirements: ___ separate patient bays or Ventilation: (1) cubicles w/ min clear floor area ___ Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7.1 80 sf per patient care station (2)(a)min clearance 5'-0" between Power: sides of adjacent* patient ___ Min. 12 receptacles Table 2.1-1 beds 4 convenient to head of exam (2)(b)min clearance 4'-0" between table or gurney sides of patient beds & adjacent* walls or partitions means of visual patient privacy 2.1-3.1.2 Nurse Call System: ___ examination light in each bay or ___ Patient station Table 2.1-3 2.8-3.4.3.3(1) cubicle ___ Staff assistance station accommodations for written or Medical Gases: 2.8-3.4.3.3(2) electronic documentation in each ___ 1 OX, 1 VAC per patient Table 2.1-2 bay or cubicle space for visitor's chair in each 2.8-3.4.3.3(3)

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bay or cubicle

Architectural Requirements Building Systems Requirements 2.8-3.4.3.4 Handwashing Station: (1) at least one handwashing station provided in each multiple-patient treatment room 2.1-3.8.7.3(1) at least one handwashing station provided for every four patient care stations or fewer & for each major fraction thereof 2.1-3.8.7.3(2) handwashing stations evenly distributed based on arrangement of patient care stations 2.8-3.4.3.5 supply storage provided in multiple-patient treatment room 2.8-3.4.5.2 Pediatric trauma/resuscitation rooms Single-patient T/R room 2.8-3.4.4.1(1) ☐ check if not included in project min. clear floor area 250 sf Ventilation: (a) ___ min. clearance 5'-0" provided (b) Min. 15 air changes per hour Table 7.1 ____ Positive pressure around all sides of gurney space for storage of supplies No recirculating room units 2.8-3.4.4.2(1) ___ PACS or film illuminators 2.8-3.4.4.2(2) Power: 2.8-3.4.4.2(3) handwashing station ___ Min. 16 receptacles Table 2.1-1 ___ Convenient to patient head + Errata 2.8-3.4.4.2(4) ___ space for code cart Nurse Call System: 2.8-3.4.4.2(5) examination lights Patient station Table 2.1-3 ___ accommodations for written 2.8-3.4.4.2(6) Staff assistance station or electronic documentation Medical Gases: _ physiological monitoring 2 OX, 2 VAC, 1 MA Table 2.1-2 2.8-3.4.4.2(7) equipment 2.8-3.4.4.2(8) storage for personal protective equipment Multiple-patient T/R room (2)☐ check if not included in project min. clear floor area 200 sf (a) Ventilation: for each patient care bay ___ Min. 15 air changes per hour Table 7.1 ___ Positive pressure defined by privacy curtains ___ min. clearance 5'-0" provided ___ No recirculating room units (b) around all sides of gurney Power: ___ Min. 16 receptacles min. clearance 10'-0" between patient beds or gurneys Convenient to patient head Table 2.1-1 space for storage of supplies Nurse Call System: 2.8-3.4.4.2(1) PACS or film illuminators ___ Patient station 2.8-3.4.4.2(2) Table 2.1-3 handwashing station ___ Staff assistance station 2.8-3.4.4.2(3) + Errata 2.8-3.4.4.2(4) space for code cart Medical Gases:

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2 OX, 2 VAC, 1 MA per patient

Table 2.1-2

examination lights

 accommodations for written or electronic documentation

2.8-3.4.4.2(5)

2.8-3.4.4.2(6)

Architectural Requirements Building Systems Requirements 2.8-3.4.4.2(7) physiological monitoring equipment 2.8-3.4.4.2(8) storage for personal protective equipment 2.8-3.4.4.4 Doorways leading from ambulance entrance to T/R room have min clear width 72" & min. height 83.5" 2.8-3.4.5.3 Playroom or play area provided in waiting room or waiting area Treatment room for patients of size 2.8-3.4.6 2.1-2.7.1 Space Requirements: min. 5'-0" clearance at foot of Ventilation: 2.1-2.7.1.1(1) expanded-capacity exam table Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7.1 2.1-2.7.1.1(2) min. 3'-0" clearance on non-transfer Liahtina: side of expanded- capacity exam Portable or fixed exam light 2.1-8.3.4.3(1) Power: 2.8-3.4.6.2 min. 5'-6" on transfer side of Table 2.1-1 Min. 8 receptacles expanded-capacity exam table 4 convenient to head of exam with ceiling- or wall-mounted lift table or gurney Nurse Call System: or min. 7'-0" on transfer side of Patient station Table 2.1-3 2.1-2..7.1.1(3) expanded-capacity exam table in Staff assistance station (b) rooms without ceiling- or wall-Medical Gases: ___ 1 OX, 1 VAC mounted lift Table 2.1-2 2.8-3.4.6.3 room dedicated for patients of size or treatment room subdivided with cubicle curtains or movable partitions to accommodate more than one patient when not used for patient of size each resulting bay or cubicle meets all electrical & medical gas requirements for emergency department treatment areas 2.1-2.10.1 all plumbing fixtures, handrails, grab bars, patient lift, equipment, built-in furniture & other furnishings designed to accommodate maximum patient weight 2.1-2.10.2 Door Openings: 2.1-2.10.2.1 all door openings used for path of travel to public areas & areas for care of patients of size have min. clear width of 45.5" 2.1-2.10.2.2 door openings to toilet rooms designated for patients of size

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have min. clear width of 45.5"

Architectural Requirements

Building Systems Requirements

2.1-2.3.5	Patient of Size toilet room		
2.1-2.3.5.1	expanded-capacity toilet mounted min. 36" from finished wall to centerline of toilet on both sides or		
2.1-2.3.5.2	regular toilet mounted min. 44" from centerline of toilet on both sides to finished walls to allow for positioning of expanded- capacity commode over toilet	Ventilation: Min. 10 air changes per hour Exhaust Negative pressure No recirculating room units	Table 7.1
2.1-2.3.5.3	rectangular clear floor area min. 46" wide extends 72" from front of toilet		
2.1-2.3.4.1	Handwashing stations downward static force required for handwashing stations designated for patients of size accommodates maximum patient weight of patient population		
2.8-3.4.8	Human decontamination space		
2.8-3.4.8.1	separate temporary mobile unit that is readily accessible* for deployment this mobile unit meet requirements of decontamination room & requirements for Mobile/ Transportable Medical Unit or human decontamination room		
2.8-3.4.8.2	 Human decontamination room □ check if <u>not</u> included in project (only if separate temporary mobile decontamination unit is provided) 		
(1) (a)	Location: outside entry door located as	Ventilation:	
(b)	far as practical but no less than 10'-0" from closest other entrance internal door provides direct access into corridor of emergency facility or into treatment room	Min. 12 air changes per hour Exhaust Negative pressure No recirculating room units	Table 7.1
	internal door swings into room door lockable against ingress from corridor or treatment room		

	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
(2)	Space Requirements: min. clear floor area 80 sf		
(3)	Special Architectural Details:		
(a)	all surfaces are smooth, non-porous, scrubbable, non-absorptive & non- perforated		
(b)	floor self-coving to height of 6"		
(4)	Special Plumbing Requirements:		
(a)	room equipped with two handheld shower heads temperature controls floor drain dedicated holding tank		
(b)	fixtures are acid resistant		
(c)	portable or hard-piped oxygen portable suction		
2.8-3.4.9	Fast-Track Area ☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project		
2.8-3.4.2	Single-patient treatment rooms		
	Space Requirements:		
2.8-3.4.9.1 2.8-3.4.2.1	min. clear floor area 100 sf min. clear dimension 10'-0" min. clearance 3'-0" at each side & at foot of exam table	Ventilation: Min. 6 air changes per hour Power: Min. 12 receptacles	Table 7.1 Table 2.1-1
(1) (2)	portable or fixed examination lightaccommodations for writtenand/or electronic documentation	4 convenient to head of exam table or gurney Nurse Call System:	
(3) (4)	<pre>space for visitor's chair handwashing station</pre>	Patient stationStaff assistance station	Table 2.1-3
(5)	storage for supplies	Medical Gases:	
(6)	space for medical equipment	1 OX, 1 VAC	Table 2.1-2
(7)	view panel designed for patient visual privacy adjacent* to or in door		
2.8-3.4.9.2	Waiting area designated for fast-track area □ check if <u>not</u> included in project		
(1)	patient toilet room immediately accessible*		
(2)	min. 2 chairs per patient treatment room		

	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements
2.8-3.5.2	Airborne infection isolation (AII) room	Ventilation:
2.1-3.3.2.1(2) 2.1-3.3.2.2(1) 2.1-3.3.2.2(2) 2.1-3.3.2.2(3)	 meets requirements for treatment room each room designed for only one patient handwashing station personal protective equipment (PPE) storage located at room entrance 	 Min. 12 air changes per hour Exhaust Negative pressure No recirculating room units Exhaust register located directly above patient bed on ceiling or on wall near head of bed
2.1-3.3.2.3	anteroom □ check if <u>not</u> included in project	
(1)	anteroom provide space for persons to don PPE before entering AII room	
(2)	all doors to anteroom have self- closing devices	
(3)(a)	handwashing station	
(3)(b)	storage for unused PPE	
(3)(c)	disposal/holding container for used PPE	
2.1-3.3.2.4	Architectural Details & Furnishings:	
(1)(a)	perimeter walls ceiling & floor including penetrations constructed to prevent air exfiltration	
(1)(b)	self-closing devices on all room exit doors or activation of audible alarm when AII room is in use as isolation room	
	edge seals provided along sides & top of doorframe for any door into AII room	
(2)(a)	window treatments do not include fabric drapes & curtains	
2.1-3.3.2.5	AII room pressure visual or audible alarm	
2.8-3.5.3	Secure holding room ☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project	
2.8-3.5.3.1	location facilitates staff observation & monitoring of patients	Ventilation: Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7.1
2.8-3.5.3.2	min. clear floor area of 60 sfmin. wall length 7'-0"maximum wall length 11'-0"	
2.8-3.5.3.3	room designed to prevent injury to patients	

Architectural Requirements Building Systems Requirements (1) all finishes, light fixtures, vents & diffusers & sprinklers be impacttamper- & ligature resistant no electrical outlets, medical gas (2)outlets or similar devices no sharp corners edges or protrusions (3)walls free of objects or accessories doors swing out & have hardware on (4) exterior side only (5)door includes small impact-resistant view panel or window for discreet staff observation of patient .2.8-3.S.3.4 min. clear door opening 45.5" 2.8-3.5.4 Observation space at least one observation bed with full cardiac monitoring is provided facilities for holding patients until they 2.5-3.3.1.1 can be discharged or transferred to appropriate hospital dedicated observation space or 2.5-3.3.1.2 examination or treatment room(s) designated as observation rooms 2.5-3.3.3.1 direct visual observation of each patient or door to treatment room from nurse station 2.5-3.3.3.2(1) each observation space design ensures 2.1-3.1.2 appropriate levels of patient speech & visual privacy & dignity throughout care process 2.1-3.10.2 Patient toilet room 2.5-3.3.3.2(2) readily accessible* to each observation space 2.1-3.10.2.1 provided separate from public use Ventilation: Table 7.1 toilet rooms Min. 10 air changes per hour located to permit access from Exhaust ___ Negative pressure patient care areas without passing No recirculating room units through publicly accessible areas 2.1-3.10.2.2 equipped with toilet & handwashing station **Imaging Services:** 2.8-3.6 2.8-3.6.1 Radiography room (Class 1 imaging room) Table 2.1-5 Flooring: cleanable & wear-resistant for Ventilation: the location; stable, firm & Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7.1 slip-resistant Power:

Architectural Requirements Wall Finishes: washable Ceiling: ___ cleanable with routine housekeeping equipment 2.1-3.5.2.3(1) handwashing station 2.1-3.5.3.2 2.1-3.5.1.3(1) Shielded control alcove or room sized & configured according (a) to manufacturer's recommendations (c) shielded view window designed to provide full view of patient at all times (with possible use of closed-circuit video monitoring) 2.1-3.5.2.2 Space Requirements: (1) imaging room complies with recommendations from manufacturer installation plans from manufacturer have been submitted to DPH Plan Review (2)(a)min. clearance 4'-0" on all circulating sides of patient table/bed/couch gantry or assembly 2.1-3.5.2.4(d) Structural Support: floor & if applicable ceiling structures in imaging rooms designed to support weight of imaging equipment as well as other fixed & movable ancillary equipment 2.8-3.8 Support Areas for Freestanding **Emergency Care Facility:** 2.8-3.8.2 Administrative center or nurse station

2.8-3.8.2.3

2.8-3.8.2.2

2.8-3.8.2.4

2.1-3.8.2.1

2.1-3.8.2.2

2.1-3.8.2.3

Building Systems Requirements Min. 8 receptacles Table 2.1-1 _ 4 on each lateral side of the imaging gantry

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(may include decentralized nurse stations

monitoring equipment provided observation of all traffic into unit &

of all patients from nurse station

near clusters of treatment rooms)
____ nurse master station & central

____ means for facilitating staff communication

space for supplies

work counter

	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
2.1-3.8.2.4	accommodations for written or electronic documentation		
2.1-3.8.2.5	hand sanitation dispenser		
2.8-3.8.11 2.1-3.8.11.3	Clean supply room used only for storage & holding as part of system for distribution of clean & sterile materials	Ventilation: Min. 4 air changes per hour Positive pressure	Table 7.1
2.8-3.8.12	Soiled workroom		
2.1-3.8.12.1 2.1-3.8.12.2(1)	no direct connection with clean workrooms or clean supply rooms		
(a)	handwashing station	Ventilation:	
(b)	flushing-rim clinical service sink or equivalent flushing-rim fixture	Min. 10 air changes per hourExhaust	Table 7.1
(c)	work counter	Negative pressure	
(d)	space for separate covered containers for waste & soiled linen	No recirculating room units	
2.1-3.8.12.2(2)	fluid management system □ check if <u>not</u> included in project		
(a)	electrical & plumbing connections that meet manufacturer requirements		
(b)	space for docking station		
2.8-3.8.13(2)	 Storage for general medical/surgical supplies, medications & equipment out of traffic located under staff control 		
2.8-3.8.13(3)	Wheelchair & gurney storage area for arriving patientslocated our of trafficaccess to emergency entrances		
2.8-3.8.13(4)	Emergency equipment storage		
2.1-3.8.13.4(2)	readily accessible* under staff control		
2.1-3.8.13.4(3)	storage of battery-powered CPR cart electrical outlet for battery charging is provided		
2.8-3.8.14	Environmental services room		
2.1-5.3.1.1(3)	(may serve more than one clinical service area on same floor)	Ventilation:	
2.1-5.3.1.1(1) 2.1-5.3.1.2(1)	min. one ES room per floor service sink or floor-mounted mop sink	Min. 10 air changes per hour Exhaust	Table 7.1
2.1-5.3.1.2(2)	provisions for storage of supplieshousekeeping equipment	Negative pressure No recirculating room units	
2.1-5.3.1.2(3)	handwashing station or hand sanitation dispenser	-	
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	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
2.8-3.8.16	Security station □ check if not included in project □ located near emergency entrances & triage/reception area means of observing public waiting area means of observing ED entrances including pedestrian & ambulance entrances means of controlling access		
2.8-3.9	Support Areas for Staff:		
2.8-3.9.1	Staff lounge immediately accessible* to patient care & diagnostic areas min. floor area 100 sf		
2.8-3.9.2 2.8-3.9.2.2	Staff toilet room immediately accessible* to patient care & diagnostic areas toilet & handwashing station	Ventilation: Min. 10 air changes per hour Exhaust Negative pressure	Table 7.1
29202	Staff starage facilities	No recirculating room units	
2.8-3.9.3 2.8-3.9.3.1	 Staff storage facilities securable closets or cabinet compartments for personal articles of staff located in or near nurse station 		
2.8-3.9.3.2	storage of coats in closets or cabinets on each floor or storage of coats in central staff locker area		
2.8-3.10	Support Areas for Patients:		
2.8-3.10.2	Patient toilet room min. one patient toilet room per six treatment rooms & for each fraction thereof handwashing station	Ventilation: Min. 10 air changes per hour Exhaust Negative pressure No recirculating room units	Table 7.1
2.8-4	PATIENT SUPPORT FACILITIES		
2.8-4.1	Laboratory Services: Compliance Checklist OP2 has been submitted to DPH Plan Review		
2.8-4.2	Pharmacy Services: Full service pharmacy Compliance Checklist OP3 has been submitted to DPH Plan Review		

Architectural Requirements Building Systems Requirements 2.8-4.2.1 Medication preparation room 2.1-3.8.8.1(2)(b) work space designed so that staff can access information & perform required tasks Ventilation: 2.1-3.8.8.1(2)(c) work counters provide space to Min. 4 air changes per hour perform required tasks Table 7.1 2.1-3.8.8.1(2)(e) Lighting: 2.1-3.8.8.1(2) sharps containers placed at height ___ Task-specific lighting level (d) that allows users to see top of min. 100 foot-candles container 2.1-3.8.8.2 work counter (1)(a)handwashing station lockable refrigerator locked storage for controlled drugs sharps containers ☐ check if not included in project (b) self-contained medication dispensing units ☐ check if not included in project room designed with space to prepare medications 2.1-4.4 Linen Services: Dedicated on-site linen processing area or Off-site laundry services 2.1-4.4.2 Dedicated on-site linen processing area ☐ check if not included in project (only if linen is processed off-site) 2.1-4.4.2.1(1) area large enough to accommodate washer, drver & any plumbing equipment needed to meet temperature requirements 2.1-4.4.2.1(2) area divided into distinct soiled area (sorting & washing) & clean area (drying & folding) 2.1-4.4.2.2 storage for laundry supplies 2.1-4.4.2.3 clean linen storage 2.1-4.4.2.4 handwashing station 2.1-4.4.3 Support areas for outpatient facilities using off-site laundry services ☐ check if not included in project (only if linen is processed on-site) 2.1-4.4.3.1 soiled linen holding area or dedicated soiled laundry carts area

Architectural Requirements Building Systems Requirements 2.1-4.4.3.2 clean linen storage area or dedicated clean linen carts area 2.8-4.5 Nourishment area or room 2.1-3.8.9.1 Ventilation: handwashing station in or directly Min. 2 air changes per hour Table 7.1 accessible* 2.1-3.8.9.2 work counter 2.1-3.8.9.3 storage 2.1-3.8.9.4 fixtures & appliances for beverages & nourishment 2.7-4.3 STERILE PROCESSING Facilities for on-site sterile processing or Off-site sterile processing Facilities for on-site sterile processing ☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project Compliance Checklist OP4 has been submitted Support areas for facilities using off-site sterile processing ☐ check if not included in project (only if sterile processing is performed on-site) 2.1-4.3.3.1 room for breakdown (receiving/ unpacking) of clean/sterile supplies 2.1-4.3.3.2 room for on-site storage of clean & sterile supplies 2.1-4.3.2.4(1) storage for sterile & clean instruments & supplies (a) separate equipment & supply storage room or designated equipment & supply storage area in clean workroom (b) space for case cart storage ☐ check if not included in project (only if case carts are not used) (c) provisions to maintain humidity & temperature levels 2.1-4.3.3.3 room with flush-type device for gross decontamination & holding of soiled instruments 2.1-3.8.12.1 does not have direct connection with clean workrooms or clean

supply rooms

Architectural Requirements Building Systems Requirements 2.1-3.8.12.2(1) Ventilation: (a) handwashing station Min. 10 air changes per hour (b) flushing-rim clinical service sink or ___ Exhaust Table 7.1 equivalent flushing-rim fixture Negative pressure (c) work counter (d) space for separate covered No recirculating room units containers for waste & soiled linen (2)fluid management system ☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project (a) electrical & plumbing connections that meet manufacturer requirements (b) space for docking station **BUILDING SUPPORT FACILITIES** 2.8-5 Materials Management: 2.8-5.1 2.1-5.1.2 Receiving facilities unpacking or box breakdown area accessible from designated delivery door 2.1-5.1.3 Service entrance ☐ check if not included in project protected from inclement weather 2.8-5.4 Engineering & Maintenance Services: 2.1-5.4.2.1 Equipment rooms for HVAC, telecom. & electrical equipment 2.1-5.4.2.2 secured with controlled access Building maintenance supplies & 2.1-5.4.3 equipment storage room 2.8-6.2 **PUBLIC AREAS** 2.8-6.1.2 Emergency department designed to ensure that access control is maintained at all rimes 2.8-6.2.1.1 Primary entrance (1) well-marked illuminated & covered primary entrance at grade level primary entrance cover provide shelter (2)extending at least over passenger side of the vehicle

Architectural Requirements Building Systems Requirements 2.8-6.2.1.2 Ambulance entrance (1) separate ambulance entrance be provided at grade level emergency vehicle entry cover provide (2)shelter for both patient & emergency medical crew during transfer between emergency vehicle & building ambulance entrances provide min. 6'-0" (3)clear width to accommodate expandedcapacity stretchers & gurneys, mobile patient lift devices & accompanying attendants 2.1-6.2.2 Reception ___ reception & information counter, desk or kiosk provided either at main entry or at each clinical service 2.8-6.2.3 Public waiting area ___ visible from staff area either by camera 2.1-6.2.3.2 Ventilation: or direct staff sight line Min. 12 air changes per hour Table 7.1 Exhaust ___ Negative pressure 2.8-6.2.3.1(1) ____ Public toilet room Ventilation: ___ immediately accessible* ___ Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7.1 ___ Exhaust ___ handwashing station ___ Negative pressure No recirculating room units (2) Provisions for drinking water Provisions for telephone access (3) 2.1-6.2.7.1 Wheelchair storage ☐ check if not included in project ___ designated area located out of required corridor width _ directly accessible* to entrance provided for at least one wheelchair 2.1-6.2.7.2 Wheelchair parking space designated area provided for parking at least one patient-owned wheelchair in non-public area located out of any required egress width or other required clearance 2.8-6.3 **ADMINISTRATIVE AREAS** 2.8-6.3.2 Interview space (may be combined with triage area) 2.8-6.3.2.2 ___ provide speech & visual privacy 2.8-6.3.2.1

Architectural Requirements

Building Systems Requirements

2.8-6.3.5	Medical records space
	provisions be made for securing medical records of all media types used by facility
2.1-6.3.5.1	location restricted to staff access to maintain confidentiality of record
2.1-6.3.5.2	Space Requirements:
(1)	space provided for medical records management
(2)	physical space for electronic storage of forms or documents

*LOCATION TERMINOLOGY:

<u>Directly accessible</u>: Connected to the identified area or room through a doorway, pass-through, or other opening without going through an intervening room or public space

<u>Adjacent</u>: Located next to but not necessarily connected to the identified area or room <u>Immediately accessible</u>: Available either in or adjacent to the identified area or room

Readily accessible: Available on the same floor or in the same clinic as the identified area or room

Architectural	Details & MEP Requirements		
		(b)	sliding doors
2.1-7.2.2	ARCHITECTURAL DETAILS CORRIDOR WIDTH:		☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project manual or automatic
2.1-7.2.2.1 IBC 1018.2	Min. 44" or		sliding doors comply with NFPA 101
	Detailed code review incorporated in Project Narrative		detailed code review incorporated in Project Narrative
421 CMR	Corridors include turning spaces for		no floor tracks
6.00	wheelchairs	(2)	Door Opening:
(2)	Corridors used for stretcher & gurney transport have min. corridor or aisle width of 6'-0"	(a)	min. 34" clear door width min. 83.5" clear door height
		(b)	Rooms with Gurney Access:
2.1-7.2.2.2	CEILING HEIGHT:		\square check if <u>not</u> included in project
(2)	Min. height 7'-0" in radiography, procedure, operating rooms from floor		41.5" min. clear door width
	to lowest protruding element of		79.5" min. clear door height
	equipment or fixture in stowed position		
	Min. height 7'-6" above floor of	(3)	Door Swing:
(4)	suspended tracks, rails & pipes	(a)	doors do not swing into corridors
	located in traffic path		except doors to non-occupiable
	Min. ceiling height 7'-10" in other areas		spaces (e.g. environmental services rooms & electrical
2.1-7.2.2.3	DOORS & DOOR HARDWARE:		closets) & doors with emergency
(1)	Door Type:		breakaway hardware
(a)	doors between corridors,		
	rooms, or spaces subject to	(4)	Lever hardware or push/pull latch
	occupancy swing type or sliding doors		hardware

(5)	Doors for Patient Toilet Facilities:	2.1-7.2.2.14	Decorative water features
(a)	door that swings outward	(4)	□ check if <u>not</u> included in project
	or	(1)	no indoor unsealed (open) water features in confines of
	door equipped with emergency rescue hardware (permits quick		outpatient suite
	access from outside the room to	(2)	no covered fish tanks in other
	prevent blockage of the door)		than public areas of outpatient
	or		suite
	sliding door other than pocket	2.1-7.2.3	SURFACES
	door	2.1-7.2.3.1	FLOORING & WALL BASES:
(b)	tailat va ava avana avta vallia	(1)	Flooring surfaces cleanable &
(6)	toilet room opens onto public area or corridor		wear-resistant for location
	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project	(3)	Smooth transitions provided
	visual privacy is maintained		between different flooring materials
	violai privacy le maintainea	(4)	Flooring surfaces including those on
2.1-7.2.2.8	HANDWASHING STATIONS:		stairways are stable, firm &
(3)(a)	Handwashing station countertops	(5)	slip-resistant Floors & wall bases of all areas
	made of porcelain, stainless steel,	(0)	subject to frequent wet cleaning are
	solid-surface materials or impervious		constructed of materials that are not
(3)(b)	plastic laminate assembly		physically affected by germicidal or
(3)(5)	Countertops substrate□ check if not included in project	4-14	other types of cleaning solutions
	marine-grade plywood (or	(6)(a)	Floors are monolithic & integral
	equivalent material) with		coved wall bases are at least 6" high
	impervious seal		& tightly sealed to wall in rooms listed below
(4)	Handwashing station casework		trauma rooms
	\square check if <u>not</u> included in project		 airborne infection isolation (AII)
	designed to prevent storage		room & any anteroom
<i>(</i> 5)	beneath sink		•
(5)	Provisions for drying hands□ check if not included in project	2.1-7.2.3.2	WALLS & WALL PROTECTION:
	(only at hand scrub facilities)	(1)(a)	Wall finishes are washable
(a)	hand-drying device does not	(1)(b)	Wall finishes near plumbing fixtures
	require hands to contact		are smooth, scrubbable & water-resistant
/I- \	dispenser	(2)	Wall surfaces in areas routinely
(b)	hand-drying device is enclosed to protect against dust or soil	(-)	subjected to wet spray or splatter (e.g.
(6)	Liquid or foam soap dispensers		environmental services rooms) are
2.1-7.2.2.9	GRAB BARS:		monolithic or have sealed seams that
(1)	Grab bars anchored to sustain	(4)	are tight & smooth
(0)	concentrated load 250 pounds	(4)	Wall protection devices & corner guards durable & scrubbable
(3)	Ends of grab bars constructed to prevent snagging clothes of patients	2.1-7.2.3.3	CEILINGS:
	staff & visitors	(1)	Ceilings provided in all areas except
2.1-7.2.2.10	HANDRAILS:		mechanical, electrical &
	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project	()	communications equipment rooms
(2)	Rail ends return to wall or floor	(a)	Ceilings cleanable with routine housekeeping equipment
(3)	Handrail gripping surfaces &	(b)	Acoustic & lay-in ceilings where used
	fasteners are smooth (free of sharp or abrasive elements) with 1/8-inch	(-,	do not create ledges or crevices
	min. radius		•
(4)	Handrails have eased edges &	(2)	Semi-Restricted Areas:
	corners	(a)	ceiling finishes are scrubbable, non absorptive, non perforated,
(5)	Handrail finishes are cleanable		& capable of withstanding
			cleaning with chemicals

(b) (c)	lay-in ceilings gasketed or each ceiling tile weighs at least one pound per square foot use of perforated tegular serrated or highly textured tiles not are permitted in semi-restricted areas or ceilings of monolithic construction	Part 3/6.3 Part 3/6.3.1 Part 3/6.3.1.1	OUTDOOR AIR INTAKES & EXHAUST DISCHARGES: Outdoor Air Intakes: located min. of 25'-0" from cooling towers & all exhaust & vent discharges outdoor air intakes located such that bottom of air intake is at least 6'-0" above grade air intakes located away from public access
2.1-7.2.4.3	Privacy curtains in patient care areas are washable		all intakes are designed to prevent entrainment of wind- driven rain
2.1-8.2 Part 3/6.1 Part 3/6.1.1	HEATING VENTILATION & AIR-CONDITIONING (HVAC) SYSTEMS UTILITIES: Ventilation Upon Loss of Electrical Power:	Part 3/6.3.1.3	 intakes on top of buildings check if not included in project located with bottom of air intake min. of 3'-0" above roof level
	 space ventilation & pressure relationship requirements of Table 7.1 are maintained for AII Rooms & Operating Rooms in event of loss of normal electrical power check if not included in project 	Part 3/6.3.1.4	intake in areaway □ check if <u>not</u> included in project □ bottom of areaway air intake opening is at least 6'-0" above grade □ bottom of air intake opening from areaway into building is at least 3'-0"
Part 3/6.1.2 Part 3/6.1.2.1	Heating & Cooling Sources: heat sources & essential accessories provided in number & arrangement sufficient to accommodate facility needs (reserve capacity) even when any one of heat sources or essential accessories is not operating due to breakdown or routine maintenance	Part 3/6.3.2 Part 3/6.3.2.1	above bottom of areaway Contaminated Exhaust Discharges: check if <u>not</u> included in project ductwork within building is under negative pressure for exhaust of contaminated air (i.e. air from AII rooms or HD sterile compounding pharmacy) exhaust discharge outlets with
Part 3/6.1.2.2	Central cooling systems greater than 400 tons (1407 kW) peak cooling load check if not included in project number & arrangement of cooling sources & essential accessories is sufficient to support owner's facility operation plan upon breakdown or routine maintenance of any one of cooling sources	Part 3/6.3.2.2	contaminated air located such that they reduce potential for recirculation of exhausted air back into building exhaust discharge outlets with contaminated air is arranged to discharge to atmosphere in vertical direction at least 10 feet above adjoining roof level exhaust discharge outlets from AII rooms is located not less than 25 feet horizontally from
Part 3/6.2 Part 3/6.2.1	AIR-HANDLING UNIT (AHU) DESIGN: AHU casing is designed to prevent water intrusion, resist corrosion & permit access for inspection & maintenance		outdoor air intakes, openable windows/doors & areas that are normally accessible to public

Part 3/6.4	FILTRATION: Two filter banks for trauma rooms (see Table 6.4) Filter Bank No. 1: MERV 7 Filter Bank No. 2: MERV 14 All other outpatient spaces one filter bank MERV 7 Each filter bank with efficiency of greater than MERV 12 is provided with differential pressure measuring device to indicate when filter needs to be changed	Part 3/6.8.3	Energy recovery systems with leakage potential □ check if not included in project arranged to minimize potential to transfer exhaust air directly back into supply airstream designed to have no more than 5% of total supply airstream consisting of exhaust air not used from these exhaust airstream sources: soiled or decontamination room
Part 3/6.4.1	Filter Bank No. 1 placed upstream of heating & cooling coils	Part 3/7 Part 3/7.1.a	SPACE VENTILATION:
Part 3/6.4.2	Filter Bank No. 2 placed downstream of all wet-air cooling coils & supply fan	Part 3/7.1.a.1	Complies with Table 7.1 Air movement is from clean to less-clean areas
Part 3/6.5 Part 3/6.5.3	HEATING & COOLING SYSTEMS: Radiant heating systems check if not included in project ceiling or wall panels with exposed cleanable surfaces or radiant floor heating are provided in AII room & trauma room	Part 3/7.1.a.3 Part 3/7.1.a.4	 Min. number of total air changes required for positive pressure rooms is provided by total supply airflow Min. number of total air changes required for negative pressure rooms is provided by total exhaust airflow Entire minimum outdoor air changes per hour required by Table 7.1 for
Part 3/6.7 Part 3/6.7.1	AIR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS: Maintain pressure relationships required in tables 7.1 in all modes of HVAC system operation Spaces that have required pressure relationships are served by fully ducted return systems or fully ducted exhaust systems Recovery rooms are served by fully ducted return or exhaust systems	Part 3/7.1a.5	each space meet filtration requirements of Section 6.4 Air recirculation through room unit check if not included in project complies with Table 7.1 room unit receive filtered & conditioned outdoor air serve only a single space provides min. MERV 6 filter located upstream of any cold surface so that all of air passing
Part 3/6.7.2	Air Distribution Devices: supply air outlets comply with Table 6.7.2	Part 3/7.2	over cold surface is filtered ADDITIONAL ROOM-SPECIFIC
Part 3/6.7.3	Smoke Barriers: HVAC zones coordinated with compartmentation to minimize ductwork penetrations of fire & smoke barriers.	Part 3/7.2.1	REQUIREMENTS: Airborne Infection Isolation (AII) Rooms check if not included in project AII rooms have permanently installed device and/or mechanism to constantly monitor differential air
Part 3/6.8 Part 3/6.8.1 Part 3/6.8.2	ENERGY RECOVERY SYSTEMS: □ check if <u>not</u> included in project _ Located upstream of Filter Bank No. 2 AII room exhaust systems are not used for energy recovery		pressure between room & corridor Local visual means is provided to indicate whenever negative differential pressure is not maintained Air from AII room is exhausted directly to outdoors Exhaust air from AII rooms, associated anterooms & toilet rooms is discharged directly to outdoors without mixing with exhaust air from any other non-AII room or exhaust system

	Exhaust air grille or register in patient room is located directly above patient bed on ceiling or on wall near head of bed Anteroom □ check if not included in project AII room is at negative pressure with respect to anteroom Anteroom is at negative	(3) (4) 2.1-8.3.2.3	branch circuits serve floors on which they are located panelboards serving life safety branch circuits serve floors on which they are located & floors immediately above & below panelboards not located in exit enclosures or exit passageways Ground-Fault Circuit Interrupters in Critical Care Areas:
	pressure with respect to corridor	(2)	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project each receptacle individually
Part 3/7.4.1	Trauma Rooms Each TR has individual temperature control TR is provided with primary supply diffuser array designed as follows: airflow is unidirectional	2.1-8.3.3 2.1-8.3.3.1 (1)	POWER-GENERATING & -STORING EQUIPMENT Essential electrical system or emergency electrical power essential electrical system
	downwards & average velocity of diffusers is 25 to 35 CFM/ft² diffusers are concentrated to provide airflow pattern over patient & surgical team	(2)	complies with NFPA 99 emergency electrical power complies with NFPA 99 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT
	 coverage area of primary supply diffuser array extends min. 12" beyond footprint of surgical table on each side no more than 30% of portion of primary supply diffuser array is used for non-diffuser uses 	2.1-8.3.5 2.1-8.3.5.1	Handwashing sinks & scrub sinks that depends on building electrical service for operation are connected to essential electrical system ☐ check if not included in project
	additional supply diffusers provided within room outside of primary supply diffuser array □ check if <u>not</u> included in project	2.1-8.3.6	ELECTRICAL RECEPTACLES Receptacles in patient care areas are provided according to Table 2.1-1
	each TR has at least two low sidewall return or exhaust grilles spaced at opposite corners or as far apart as possible with bottom of these grilles installed approximately 8" above floor	2.1-8.4 2.1-8.4.2 2.1-8.4.2.1(3)	PLUMBING SYSTEMS Plumbing & Other Piping Systems: no plumbing piping exposed overhead or on walls where possible accumulation of dust or soil may create cleaning problem
Part 3/7.4.3	Imaging Procedure Rooms ☐ check if not included in project ☐ Anesthetic gases are administered ☐ ventilation requirements for operating rooms are met or ☐ No anesthetic gases are administered	2.1-8.4.2.5 (2) (3)(a)	Heated Potable Water Distribution Systems: heated potable water distribution systems serving patient care areas are under constant recirculation non-recirculated fixture branch piping length max. 25'-0" no installation of dead-end
2.1-8.3	ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS	(3)(c)	piping (except for empty risers mains & branches for future use)
2.1-8.3.2	ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION & TRANSMISSION	(3)(b)	any existing dead-end piping is removed
2.1-8.3.2.2 (1) (2)	Panelboards: all panelboards accessible to health care tenants they serve panelboard serving critical	(4)(a)	□ check if <u>not</u> included in project water-heating system supplies water at following range of temperatures: 105–120°F
MDPH/DHCF	·LU		01/21 OP13

		1	
2.1-8.4.2.6	Drainage Systems:	(b)	sensor-regulated water fixtures
(1)(a)	drainage piping installed above		☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project
	ceiling of or exposed in rooms		meet user need for
	listed below piping have special		temperature & length of
	provisions (e.g. double wall		time water flows
	containment piping) to protect		
	space below from leakage &		designed to function at all
	condensation		times and during loss of
	 trauma rooms 	040404	normal power
	 electronic data processing 	2.1-8.4.3.4	Ice-Making Equipment:
	areas		copper tubing provided for
	 electrical rooms 		supply connections to
(1)(b)	drip pan for drainage piping		ice-making equipment
(/(/	above ceiling of sensitive area	2.1-8.4.3.5	Clinical Flushing-Rim Sinks:
	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project	(1)	trimmed with valves that can
		, ,	are operated without hands
	accessible	(a)	(may be single-lever or wrist
	overflow drain with outlet		blade devices)
	located in normally	(b)	handles are at least 6 in. long
	occupied area	(2)	integral trap wherein upper
(2)	Floor Drains:		portion of water trap provides
(a)	no floor drains in procedure		visible seal
	rooms & trauma rooms		
		2.1-8.4.4	MEDICAL GAS & VACUUM SYSTEMS
2.1-8.4.3	PLUMBING FIXTURES		Station outlets provided as
2.1-8.4.3.1(1)	Materials used for plumbing fixtures		indicated in Table 2.1-2
	are non-absorptive & acid-resistant		
2.1-8.4.3.2	Handwashing Station Sinks	2.1-8.5.1	CALL SYSTEMS
	Handwashing Station Sinks: sinks are designed with basins	2.1-8.5.1.1(1)	Nurse call stations provided as
(1)	that will reduce risk of splashing		required in Table 2.1-3
	to areas where direct patient	0.4.0.	
	care is provided, sterile	2.1-8.7	ELEVATORS
	procedures are performed &		□ check if <u>not</u> included in project
	medications are prepared	2.1-8.7.3	Dimensions of Elevators Used for
(2)	sink basins have nominal size of		Transport of Outpatients on Gurneys:
(=)	no less than 144 square inches		elevator cars have min. inside
	sink basins have min. dimension		floor dimension of 5'-8" wide by
	9 inches in width or length	04074	7'-9" deep
(3)	sink basins are made of	2.1-8.7.4	Elevators are equipped with
(0)	porcelain, stainless steel or		two-way automatic
	solid-surface materials		level-maintaining device with
(5)	water discharge point of		accuracy of \pm 1/4 inch
` '	faucets is at least 10" above	04075	Flooring Co. 1
	bottom of basin	2.1-8.7.5	Elevator Controls:
(7)	anchored so that allowable	2.1-8.7.5.1	elevator call buttons & controls
` ,	stresses are not exceeded		not activated by heat or smoke
	where vertical or horizontal	2.1-8.7.5.2	light beams if used for operating
	force of 250 lbs. is applied		door reopening devices without
(8)	sinks controls used by staff,		touch are used in combination
	patients, & public can be operated		with door-edge safety devices &
	without using hands (may be		are interconnected with system
	single-lever or wrist blade devices)		of smoke detectors
(a)	blade handles	2.1-8.7.5.3	elevator controls, alarm buttons
	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project		& telephones are accessible to
	at least 4 inches in length		wheelchair occupants & usable
	provide clearance		by the blind
		•	
	required for operation		